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**CS 480 Fall 2022 Programming Assignment #01**

Due: **Saturday, October 15th, 11:00 PM CST**

Points: **100**

**Instructions:**

1. Place **all your deliverables (as described below) into a single ZIP** file named:

LastName\_FirstName\_CS480\_Programming01.zip

1. Submit it to Blackboard Assignments section before the due date. **No late submissions will be accepted**.

**Objectives:**

1. (100 points) Implement and evaluate two informed search algorithms.

**Input data files:**

You are provided two CSV (comma separated values) files (see Programming Assignment #01 folder in Blackboard):

* driving.csv - with **driving distances** between state capitals.
* straightline.csv - with **straight line distances** between state capitals.

You **CANNOT** modify nor rename input data files. Rows and columns in those files represent individual state data (state labels/names are in the first row and column). Numerical data in both files is either:

* a non-negative integer corresponding to the distance between two state capitals,
* negative integer -1 indicating that there is no direct “road” (no edge on the graph below) between two state capitals.

**Deliverables:**

Your submission should include:

* Python code file(s). Your py file should be named:

cs480\_P01\_AXXXXXXXX.py

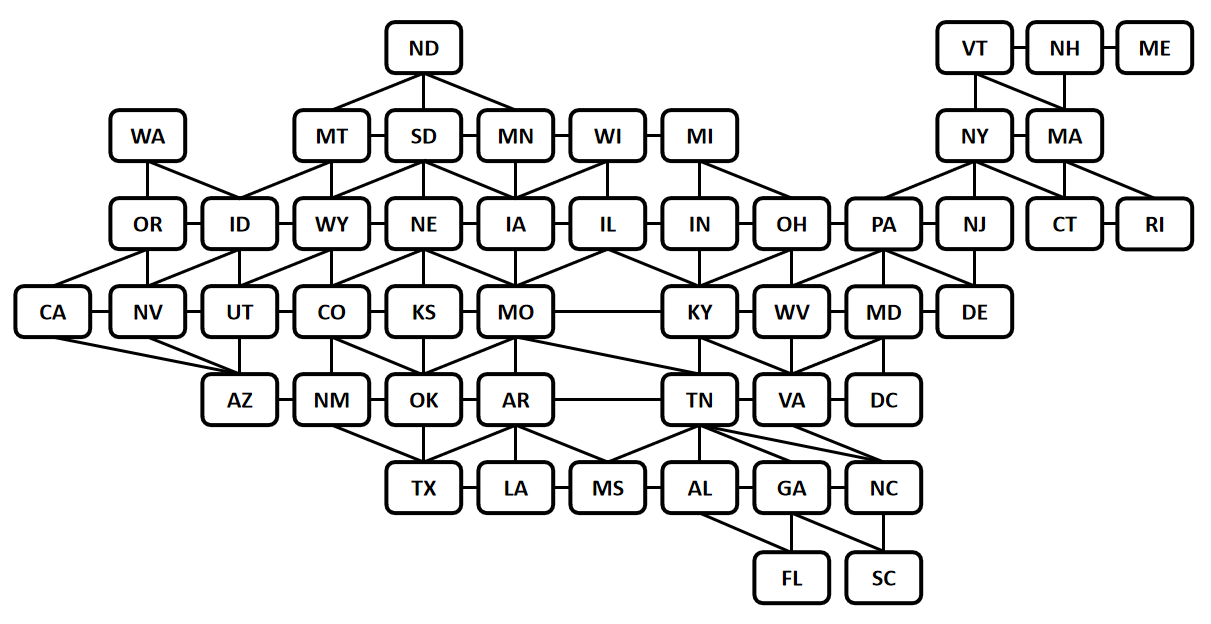
where AXXXXXXXX is your IIT A number (this is REQUIRED!). If your solution uses multiple files, makes sure that the main (the one that will be run to solve the problem) is named that way and others include your IIT A number in their names as well.

* this document with your results and conclusions. You should rename it to:

LastName\_FirstName\_CS480\_Programming01.doc

**Problem description:**

Consider the graph presented below (fig. 1). Each node represents a single state (or the District of Columbia (DC)). If two states are neighbors, there is an edge between them.



*Figure 1: A graph representing all 48 contiguous US states and District of Columbia.*

Assume that edge weights represent **driving distances between state capitals**.

Your task is to implement in Python two informed search algorithms:

* Greedy Best First Search algorithm, and
* A\* algorithm,

and apply them to find a path between two state capitals using provided data.

Your program should:

* Accept two (2) command line arguments corresponding to two states / state capitals (initial and goal states) so your code could be executed with

python cs480\_P01\_AXXXXXXXX.py INITIAL GOAL

where:

* + cs480\_P01\_AXXXXXXXX.py is your python code file name,
  + INITIAL is the label/name of the initial state,
  + GOAL is the label/name of the initial state.

Example:

python cs480\_P01\_A11111111.py WA TX

If the number of arguments provided is NOT two (none, one, or more than two), your program should display the following error message:

ERROR: Not enough or too many input arguments.

and exit.

* Load and process both input data files provided (assume that input data files are ALWAYS in the same folder as your code - this is REQUIRED!). Make sure your program is **flexible enough to accommodate different input data sets** (with a different graph of states and distances). Your submission will be tested using a different set of files!
* Run Greedy Best First Search and A\* algorithms searches to find a path between INITIAL and GOAL states and measure execution time (in seconds) for both methods.
* Report results on screen in the following format:

Last Name, First Name, AXXXXXXXX solution:

Initial state: INITIAL

Goal state: GOAL

Greedy Best First Search:

Solution path: STATE1, STATE2, STATE3, …, STATEN-1, STATEN

Number of states on a path: X1

Path cost: Y1

Execution time: T1 seconds

A\* Search:

Solution path: STATE1, STATE2, STATE3, …, STATEN-1, STATEN

Number of states on a path: X2

Path cost: Y2

Execution time: T2 seconds

where:

* + AXXXXXXXX is your IIT A number,
  + INITIAL is the label/name of the initial state,
  + GOAL is the label/name of the initial state,
  + STATE1, STATE2, STATE3, …, STATEN-1, STATEN is a solution represented as a list of visited states (including INITIAL and GOAL states), for example: IL, IA, NE,

If no path is found replace appropriate information with:

Solution path: FAILURE: NO PATH FOUND

Number of states on a path: 0

Path cost: 0

Execution time: T3 seconds

Pick INITIAL / GOAL state pair (with at least 5 states between them) and run both Greedy Best First and A\* algorithms to find the path between them. Repeat this search ten (10) times for each algorithm and calculate corresponding averages. Report your findings in the Table A below.

**Ans:** To write the visited states, number of states visited and the path cost, I’m choosing the Initial state as “CA” and Goal state as “NY”

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **TABLE A: Results comparison** | | | | |
| Algorithm | Visited states | Number of visited states | Path cost | Average search time in seconds |
| Greedy Best First Search | CA, AZ, NM, OK, MO, KY, VA, MD, PA, NY | 10 | 3695 | 0.00022 seconds |
| A\* | CA, NV, UT, WY, NE, IA, IL, IN, OH, PA, NY | 11 | 3128 | 0.00025 seconds |

What are your conclusions? Which algorithm performed better? Was the optimal path found? Write a summary below

|  |
| --- |
| **Conclusions** |
| According to me, the A\* algorithm performs better. For initial state CA and goal state NY, even though the number of visited states is greater in A\* algorithm, it provides a lesser path cost.  The A\* algorithm is always guaranteed to find the optimal path with appropriate heuristics provided. Here the optimal path is found.  Comparing the execution time of both the algorithms, A\* algorithm takes longer time to execute because it calculates the cost function as a summation of both the driving distance g(n) and the heuristic function h(n). |